$\mathbf{D}\hat{\mathbf{E}}$ ÔN THI TN THPT QG 2020 - 1

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

D. theatre

C. this

B. with

1. A. smooth

2. A. angry	B. b <u>a</u> d	C. fl <u>a</u> t	D. parent	
		-		he word that differs from the ollowing questions.
3. A. tendency 4. A. overwhelming				
needs correction in 5. Rattan, a <u>close</u> rel A 6. The Golden gate,	each of the flative of bamb painting a bri A	Following que boo, is often us B ght red- orang	stions. sed to make tables, o C ge called "Internation B	he underlined part that chairs, and other <u>furnitures</u> . D nal orange", requires
A	D nd water is end B, C, or D or	ough safe to di B	rink, <u>but</u> all the surfa	ace water <u>must be treated</u> . D he correct answer to each of
8. Vietnam A. has hosted	the 22 nd SE		03. C. will host	D. was hosted
	nslated B. could a good student B. Altho	l translate , she hasn't rec ugh C	. In spite of	D. will translate D. Because of
11. Washington StateA. in12. Among the	B. of		C. for	D. with
A. groups 13. We might raise ou A. attention 14. His brother refuse A. kind - hearted 15. My mother often_ slightest one. A. passes	B. r or hand and wa B. sy es to even lister B. narro our o B. neg	najorities ve to somebody mbol to anyone else w- minded mistakes, where	C. ethnic min y as a(n) C. logo s's point of view. He is C. open - minded eas my father is very s C. avoids	that we see her/him. D signal s very D. absent – minded strict and punishes us for even the
one. A. dropped 17. The teacher asked	B. trad	ed	C. turned down	Č

A. came up to B. came up for C. came up with D. came out of 18. A / an species is a population of an organism which is at risk of becoming extinct. A. dangerous B. endanger C. endangered D. endangerment
19. " Who wrote this poem?" - " It's saidwritten by
one of the Bronte sisters."
A. to be B. to have been C. to being D. to having been
20every major judo title, Mark retired from international competition.
A. When he won B. Having won C. Winning D. On winning
21 non-verbal language is important aspect
of interpersonal communication.
A. The - a B. \emptyset – an C. A – the D. The - \emptyset
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to each of the following exchanges
22 "Don't forget to do as I have told you"
A. Sure, I won't B. Yes, I will C. Not at all D. No, I will remember 23. Jane: - "It's going to rain". Mary:-""
A. I hope not so B. I hope not C. I don't hope so D. I don't hope either
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. 2c 24. Such problems as haste and inexperience are a <u>universal</u> feature of youth.
A. marked B. separated C. shared D. hidden
25. We have lived there for years and grown fond of the surroundings . That is why we
do not want to leave.
A. loved the surroundings B. planted many trees in the surroundings
C. possessed by the surroundings D. haunted by the surroundings
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. 2c 26. He is a typical <u>optimist</u> , always looking on the bright side of everything.

A. pessimist B. introvert C. extrovert D. activist

27. When I was going shopping yesterday, I <u>accidentally</u> met one of my old friends in high school.

A. by far B. by heart C. by chance D. on purpose

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to the sentence given in each of the following questions. 3c

- 28. He was driving so fast that he could have had an accident.
- A. He wasn't driving fast enough to avoid an accident.
- B. He didn't have an accident although he was driving very fast.
- C. If he had been driving very fast, he would have had an accident.
- D. An accident happened and it was caused by his very fast driving.
- 29. "Stop smoking or you'll feel worse", the doctor told me.
- A. The doctor suggested smoking to feel better.
- B. The doctor advised me to give up smoking to feel better.
- C. I was ordered not to smoke to feel better.
- D. I was warned against smoking a lot of cigarettes.
- 30. They understand more than we do.
- A. We don't understand as much as they do.
- B. We don't understand anything at all.
- C. They understand everything.
- D. They are very intelligent.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of the sentences in each of the following questions. 2c

- 31. Had he known more about the internet, he would have invested in some computer companies
 - A. Knowing about the internet help him invest in some computer company
 - B. He didn't know much about the internet and he didn't invest in any computer companies
 - C. Knowing about the internet, he would have invested in some computer companies
 - D. He would have invested in some computer companies without his knowledge of the internet
- 32. I picked up my book. I found that the cover had been torn.
 - A. When picking up my book, the cover had been torn.
 - B. On picking up my book, I saw that the cover had been torn.
 - C. The cover had been torn when my book picked up.
 - D. Picked up, the book was torn.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

The invention of the mobile phone has undoubtedly revolutionized the way people communicate and influenced every aspect of our lives. The issue is whether this technological innovation has (33) _____ more harm than good. In order to answer the question, we must first turn to the types of consumers. Presumably, most parents (34) ____ are always worrying about their children's safety buy mobile phones for them to track their

whereabouts. We can also assume that most teenagers want mobile phones to avoid missing out on social contact. In this context, the advantages are clear. (35)______, we cannot deny the fact that text messages have been used by bullies to intimidate fellow students. There is also (36)_____ evidence that texting has affected literacy skills.

The widespread use of mobile phone has, out of question, affected adult consumers too. What employee, on the way home from work, would be reluctant to answer a call from their boss? Apparently, only 18% of us, according to a survey, are willing to switch off our mobile phones once we've left the office.

Admittedly, mobile phones can be intrusive but there are obvious benefits to possessing one. Personally speaking, they are invaluable when it comes to making social or business arrangements at short (37) _____. They also provide their owners with a sense of security in emergency situations.

33. A. done	B. played	C. made	D. brought
34. A. which	B. whom	C. who	D. what
35. A. Moreover	B. However	C. Therefore	D. So that
36. A. indisputal	ble B. disputable	C. disputably	D. indisputably
37. A. times	B. warning	C. term	D. notice

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Can Animals Talk?

In 1977, a young Harvard graduate named Irene Pepperberg brought a one-year-old African gray parrot into her lab, and attempted something very unusual. At a time when her fellow scientists thought that animals could only communicate on a very basic level, Irene set out to discover what was on a creature's mind by *talking* to it. The bird, named Alex, proved to be a very good pupil.

Scientists at the time believed that animals were incapable of any thought. They believed that animals only reacted to things because they were programmed by nature to react that way, not because they had the ability to think or feel. Any pet owner would probably disagree. Pepperberg disagreed, too, and started her work with Alex to prove **them** wrong.

Pepperberg bought Alex in a pet store. She let the store's assistant pick him out because she didn't want other scientists saying later that she'd **deliberately** chosen an especially smart bird for her work. Most researchers thought that Pepperberg's attempt to communicate with Alex would end in failure—after all, his brain was only about the size of a walnut.

However, Pepperberg's experiment did not fail. In fact, over the next few years, Alex learned to imitate almost one hundred and fifty English words, and was even able to reason and use those words on a basic level to communicate. For example, when Alex was shown an object and was asked about its shape, color, or material, he could label it correctly. He could understand that a key was a key no matter what its size or color, and could figure out how the key was different from others.

Pepperberg was careful not to exaggerate Alex's success and abilities. She did not claim that Alex could actually 'use' language. Instead, she said that Alex had learned to use a two-way communications code. Alex seemed to understand the turn-taking pattern of communication.

Although African gray parrots usually live to an age of fifty or so, Alex died suddenly when he was just thirty years old. However, in his short time on Earth, Alex helped to prove to many that animals are capable of far more complex communication than many scientists had ever expected.

capable of far more con	ipiex communication than i	many scientists nad ever exp	ected.
Alex's last words	to Pepperberg were, "You l	be good. I love you."	
	(Adapted from Select R	eading- Intermediate by Lind	da Lee and Erik Gundersen)
38. The reading passage	is primarily about		
A. how animals co	ommunicate with humans		
B. one woman's si	uccessful experiment to cor	nmunicate with a bird	
C. how parrots are	smarter than other animals	S	
D. how Irene Pepp	perberg proved her fellow s	cientists wrong	
39. Irene Pepperberg did	d an experiment with a parr	rot	
A. in her lab	B. at home	C. in a pet store	D. in nature

40. In paragraph 3, " deliberat	ely" is closest in mea	ning to	
A. naturally	B. on purpose	C. cleverly	D. honestly
41. The word " them " in parag	graph 2 refers to	_•	
A. animals	B. scientists	C. pet owners	D. things
42. Which of the following is	NOT true about Irene	's parrot Alex?	
A. He learned to use alm	ost 150 English word	S.	
B. He could label a num	ber of objects.		
C. He was able to have c	complicated conversat	ions.	
D. He could understand	how one object was d	ifferent from others	
43. From the passage, we can	infer that		
A. Alex communicated t	hat he may have actua	ally loved Irene	
B. most parrots die when	they're 50 years old		
C. humans cannot under	stand how to commun	icate complex ideas to an	imals
D. Alex's life was more	complex than most pe	eople had expected	

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

We live in a world of tired, sleep deprived people. In his book Counting Sheep, Paul Martin - a behavioural biologist - describes a society which is just too busy to sleep and which does not give sleeping the importance it deserves.

Modern society has invented reasons not to sleep. We are now a 24/7 society where shops and services must be available all hours. We spend longer hours at work than we used to, and more time getting to work.

Mobile phones and email allow us to stay in touch **round the clock** and late-night TV and the Internet tempt us away from our beds. When we need more time for work or pleasure, the easy solution is to sleep less. The average adult sleeps only 6.2 hours a night during the week, whereas research shows that most people need eight or even eight and a half hours' sleep to feel at their best. Nowadays, many people have got used to sleeping less than they need and they live in an almost permanent state of 'sleep debt'.

Until the invention of the electric light in 1879 our daily cycle of sleep used to depend on the hours of daylight. People would get up with the sun and go to bed at nightfall. But nowadays our hours of sleep are mainly determined by our working hours (or our social life) and most people are woken up artificially by an alarm clock. During the day caffeine, the world's most popular drug, helps to keep us awake. 75% of the world's population habitually consume caffeine, **which** up to a point masks the symptoms of sleep deprivation.

What does a chronic lack of sleep do to us? As well as making us irritable and unhappy as humans, it also reduces our motivation and ability to work. This has serious implications for society in general. Doctors, for example, are often chronically sleep deprived, especially when they are on 'night call', and may get less than three hours' sleep. Lack of sleep can seriously impair their mood, judgment, and ability to take decisions. Tired engineers, in the early hours of the morning, made a series of mistakes with **catastrophic** results. On our roads and motorways lack of sleep kills thousands of people every year. Tests show that a tired driver can be just as dangerous as a drunken driver. However, driving when drunk is against the law but driving when exhausted isn't. As Paul Martin says, it is very ironic that we admire people who function on very little sleep instead of criticizing them for being irresponsible. Our world would be a much safer, happier place if everyone, whatever their job, slept eight hours a night.

44. According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE about Paul Martin?
A. He shows his concern for sleep deprivation in modern society.
B. He describes the modern world as a place without insomnia.
C. He is a scientist who is chronically deprived of sleep.
D. He gives an interesting account of a sleepless society.
45. The phrase " round the clock " in the second paragraph is similar in meaning to .
A. surrounded with clocks
B. having a round clock
C. during the daytime
D. all day and night
46. The word "which" in the third paragraph refers to
A. the world's population
B. caffeine consumption
C. reaching a point
D. masking the symptoms
47. Which of the following is TRUE , according to the last paragraph?
A. Sleep deprivation has negative effects on both individuals and society.
B. Doctors 'on night call' do not need more than three hours of sleep a day.
C. Thousands of people are killed every day by drunken drivers.
D. Our motivation decreases with the bigger number of hours we sleep.
48. The word "catastrophic" in the last paragraph probably means
A. likely to become worthless
B. becoming more noticeable
C. bound to bring satisfaction
D. causing serious damage or loss
49. All of the following are mentioned as those whose performance is affected by 'sleep debt'
EXCEPT
A. drivers B. doctors C. engineers D. biologists
50. Which of the following could best serve as the title of the passage?
A. A Well-known Biologist
B. Sleep Deprivation: Causes and Effects
C. Accident Prevention: Urgent!
D. A Society of Sleepless People
THE END